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interesting to see the way in which the basic characteristics of the Italians reveal themselves in modified aspects according to the different social and economic conditions of the lands in which they cast their lot.

Book IV takes up the problems of Italy's place among the nations of the world in the light of the traits of the Italians as emigrants, and the reactions of emigration upon Italy. The last two chapters are concerned with the practical aspects of the matter, and questions of policy and control.

There can be no question that from the professorial group of students of immigration this book will receive the warm welcome it deserves. From the point of view of making its invaluable contents more attractive to "the average citizen" it is too bad that the introductory portion is of such a highly detailed and elaborate statistical character. While the subject-matter is of the highest importance and shows remarkable care and diligence of study, it would have been possible to rearrange the material in a manner not seriously less logical which would have made it a much more appealing document.

Another possible criticism is the preponderating emphasis which is laid upon the economic aspects of the movement. It is true that immigration is today primarily an economic phenomenon, and the economic considerations are fundamental. Yet once undertaken, immigration affects more or less profoundly every life interest, and many of the most important effects develop in the non-economic interests of life. In Professor Foerster's book there are occasional glimpses into the political, marital, recreational, religious, and other social aspects of the life of Italian immigrants; but they are scarcely more than enough to whet the reader's appetite in a tantalizing way. A fuller discussion of some of these matters might have been substituted for the rather extended catalogs of the occupational activities of Italians in various lands.

With reference to the ground it covers the book will doubtless long remain the standard. An impressive amount of work has been done so thoroughly that it will never need to be done again.

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## NEW BOOKS

D'AUDIFFRET. La dépopulation. (Paris: Revue Contemporaine. 1921. Pp. 107.)

Dublin, L. I. The reduction in mortality among colored policyholders. (New York: Metropolitan Life Ins. Co. 1920. Pp. 7.)

EISLER, G. Our immigrants of foreign tongues in their old homes and in America; a selected list for the study of the many races in the popula-

- tion of Buffalo. A bibliography. (Buffalo, N. Y.: Public Library. 1921. Pp. 10.)
- Kellon, F. A. Immigration and the future. (New York: Doran. 1921. Pp. 276. \$2.50.)
- LASCAUX, R. La production et la population. (Paris: Payot. 1921. Pp. 335. 9 fr.)
- VON LISZT, E. Der Einfluss der Krieges auf die soziale Schichtung der Wiener Bevölkerung. (Vienna: Braumüller. 1919. 4 M.)
- Present-day immigration with special reference to the Japanese. Annals of the Academy of Political and Social Science, vol. XCIII, no. 182. (Philadelphia: The Academy. 1921. Pp. 232. \$1.)
- The report of the commissioner of immigration. (Washington. 1921.)
- Statistics relative to Japanese immigration and the Japanese in California. Revised Jan., 1920. (San Francisco: Japanese Association of America, 444 Bush St. 1920. 5s.)

## Social Problems and Reforms

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- Alston, L. How it all fits together. A novice's introduction to the game of life. (New York: Dutton. 1920. Pp. 158.)
- Bamford, E. F. Social aspects of the fishing industry at Los Angeles harbor. (Los Angeles: Univ. California. 1921. 20c.)
- Burnham, A. C. The community health problem. (New York: Macmillan. 1921. Pp. 149. \$1.50.)
- CHAFEE, Z., Jr. Freedom of speech. (New York: Harcourt, Brace & Howe. 1920. Pp. vii, 431.)
- CHERRINGTON, E. H. The evolution of prohibition in the United States of America; a chronological history of the liquor problem and the temperance reform in the United States from the earliest settlements to the consummation of national prohibition. (Westville, O.: Am. Issue Press. 1920. Pp. 384.)
- Clarke, J. J. The housing problem; its history, growth, legislation and procedure. (New York: Pitman. 1921. Pp. 544. \$7.50.)
- DICKINSON, G. L. Causes of international war. Handbooks on international relations, edited by G. L. Dickinson. (New York: Harcourt, Brace & Howe. 1920. Pp. 108. \$1.)
- ELLINGER, A. Sozialisierung des Bau- und Wohnungswesens. (Hamburg: Paeplow. 1920. 5 M.)
- Gollancz, V. Industrial ideals. World of today series, no. 5. (New York: Oxford Univ. Press. 1921. Pp. 64. \$1.)
- Gooch, G. P. Nationalism. Handbooks on international relations, edited by G. L. Dickinson. (New York: Harcourt, Brace & Howe; London: Swarthmore Press. 1920. Pp. 127. \$1.)